

Application Note AN-021 Driving the GXV600 Contactor with external PWM

The Gigavac GXV600 Contactor with the P coil requires an external economizer. This application note provides additional details on how to drive the contactor to insure that it can meet published ratings.

PWM

The GXV600 requires an initial 50-100ms current/voltage pulse in order to fully close the contacts. Two control methods are typically used for PWM: current or voltage.

Voltage Controlled:

For Voltage Control, the coil voltage is kept constant with varying input voltage. Since coil resistance varies with temperature the coil current will change with temperature. Table 1 shows the design parameters for voltage control. Coil Current is at recommended voltage and is shown over the temperature range as a reference.

Table 1. Design Parameters for P coil, Voltage control

	Recommended Coil Voltage (V)	Allowable Coil Voltage Range (V)
During Pickup (first 50-100ms)	12	10-16
During Hold	3.0	2.8-3.2

Coil Current	Coil Current	Coil Current
-55C	25C	100C
(A)	(A)	(A)
4.1	2.8	2.2
(3.4- 5.4)	(2.4-3.8)	(1.8-2.9)
.1.02	.71	.55
(.95-1.09)	(.6676)	(.5159)

Current Feedback:

For Current feedback the coil current is kept constant with varying input voltage. Since coil resistance varies with temperature the coil voltage will change with temperature. Table 2 shows the design parameters for current feedback. Coil Voltage is at recommended coil current and is shown over the temperature range as a reference.

Table 2. Design Parameters for P coil, Current feedback

Recommended Coil Current (A)	Allowable Coil Current Range (A)
2.2	1.8-2.9
.55	.5159
	Coil Current (A) 2.2

Coil Voltage	Coil Voltage	Coil Voltage
-55C	25C	100C
(V)	(V)	(V)
6.5	9.3	12
(5.3-8.5)	(7.6-12.3)	(9.8-15.8)
1.62	2.33	3.0
(1.50-1.74)	(2.16-2.50)	(2.78-3.22)



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Coil Details

Table 3 shows coil resistance for the P coil.

Table 3. Coil Details

	Coil Resistance Ohms at 25°C
Р	4.2 +/-5%

Fast Dropout

Gigavac contactors require that coil current does not flow when the contacts open. Since PWM circuits require a freewheeling or fly back diode be placed across the coil this diode must be removed from the circuit when the contacts are opened. Figure 1 shows a typical circuit that can be used to turn off a FET in the freewheeling path. C1 and R2 should be set to allow the FD FET to remain on while the PWM FET is running but decay within a few ms to shut off the FD FET before the contactor begins to open. A TVS is required to protect the FET from overvoltage when the coil is switched off.

Fast dropout TVS

Coil Designator	Recommended Bidirectional TVS
Р	SMAJ43CA

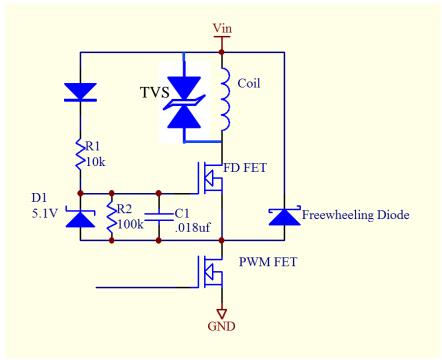


Figure 1. Fast dropout circuit

If you have any questions you can always call us at 805-684-8401.